



Forward-looking statements

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Progress in achieving value inflection points expected for 2024-2025

Appointment of Gavin Spencer as Chief Executive Officer

Recent Highlights

- Value proposition of NCX 470 confirmed through Kowa partnership
- Restructuring of debt agreements with BlackRock
- Streamlining costs to concentrate on NCX 470 clinical development
- **Extraordinary Shareholder Meeting to renew financing resolutions**
- **Equity financing of €3.3 million**
- Appointment of Damian Marron as Chair and Marc Le Bozec as Director
- Completion of recruitment of U.S. patients in the Denali trial

Strategic Horizons

- Denali results in 2025 to crystallize NCX 470 strategic value
- **Business development and partnerships**
- **Potential strategic transactions**



Consistently delivering innovations in ophthalmology ...

... with NCX 470 the next derisked asset advancing toward NDA filing in the U.S. and China

Commercial value of lead asset
NCX 470 in late-stage Phase 3
development

- A potentially differentiated profile targeting ~\$6bn worldwide glaucoma market
- Positive results from the first Phase 3 trial¹, Mont Blanc, demonstrating competitive IOP-lowering properties
- Additional benefits, e.g. retinal, seen in nonclinical models^{2,3} to be explored post-Phase 3

Global partnerships with Tier 1 ophthalmology players

- €4.2m royalty revenue in 2023 (+29% over 2022)
- Continued sales growth of VYZULTA® by Bausch + Lomb (+12% reported for Q2 2024)
- Partnerships for NCX 470 in Japan with Kowa and in China with Ocumension Therapeutics
- Pending approval of ZERVIATE in China through multi-product collaboration with Ocumension

Deep ophthalmology experience

- > Two FDA approved products
- Extensive development expertise has generated a focused portfolio of products and product candidates
- Business and corporate development track record, including M&A



^{2.} Bastia et al., J Ocul Pharmacol Ther. 2022, 38: 496-504

^{3.} Sgambellone et al., Transl Vis Sci Technol. 2023, 1;12(9):22.

Upcoming milestones

Several positive milestones in 2024 and 2025

NCX 470

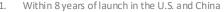
- ❖ Denali results H2 2025
- Estimated worldwide sales over
 \$300 million¹

ZERVIATE

- Upcoming approval in China
- Estimated Chinese sales up to
 \$100 million²

Corporate

Ongoing business development discussions



2. Within 7 years if launch in China

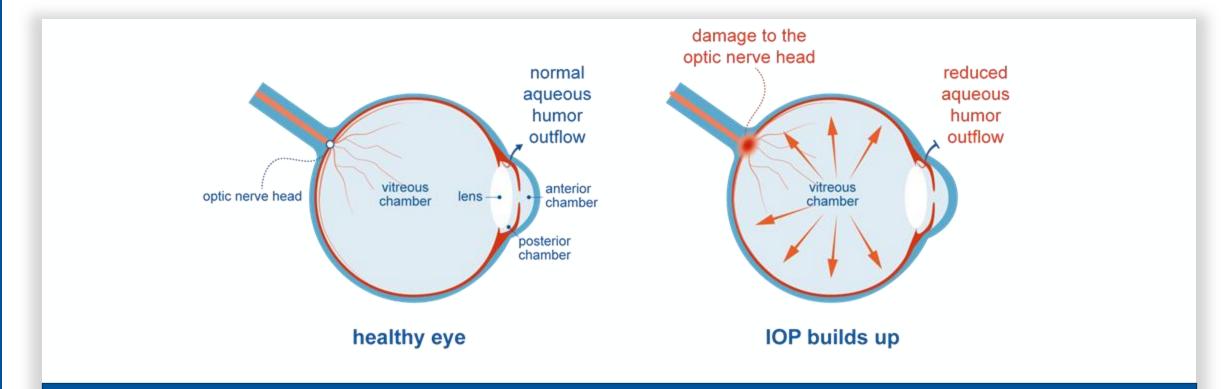


An innovative portfolio led by NCX 470, a derisked product candidate with global potential

	Stages of Development						
3 Product Candidates	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	NDA	Marketed	Status
NCX 470 NO-donating bimatoprost eye drops Glaucoma & Ocular Hypertension Licensed out to CUMIONSHOTE By 原 维 现 Licensed out to	Mont Blanc trial and Whistler Pha		enali Phase 3 tri	al			Denali topline results expected in H2 2025 Whistler Phase 3b results expected in Q1 2025 Initiation of development for Japan by Kowa Commercial partnership discussions for U.S.
NCX 1728 NO-donating PDE5 inhibitor Retinal Conditions							Seeking development through collaborations
NCX 4251 Fluticasone propionate nanocrystal susp. Dry Eye Licensed out to. OcuMension 成 城 维 组 China							Chinese development
2 Revenue Generating Products	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	NDA	Marketed	Status
VYZULTA® Latanoprostene bunod ophthalmic sol. 0.024% Glaucoma & Ocular Hypertension Licensed out to							Recurrent U.S. and international royalty revenue
ZERVIATE* Cetirizine ophthalmic sol. 0.24% Allergic conjunctivitis Licensed out to HARROiMhe U.S. Vour purpose. Licensed out to OcuMionsina and SE Asia							Chinese NDA approval and commercial launch expected in 2024

Glaucoma: a worldwide ophthalmic condition with unmet medical needs

Elevated IOP* contributes to irreversible optic nerve damage, leading to progressive vision loss



As published in the landmark EMGT study "...each mmHg of decreased IOP was related to an approximately 10% lowering [of risk of vision loss progression]"1





Unmet medical needs for glaucoma treatment

Despite having well established first-line therapies, including the standard-of-care, latanoprost, patients do not react to glaucoma medications in the same way, and therefore ophthalmologists need multiple treatment options

√ 40% of patients do not achieve their target IOP on existing monotherapies1 requiring ophthalmologists to adjust or change the medication

Many patients require >1 medication which leads to compliance issues^{2,3}

✓ Tolerability issues with some medications lead discontinuations, patient management issues, and/or compliance issues⁴



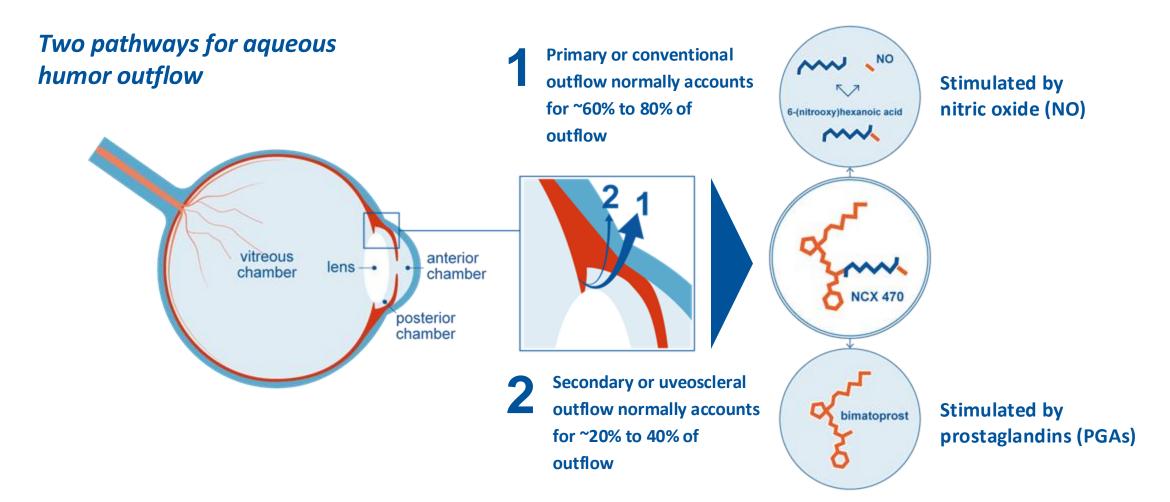
Kass et al, Delaying treatment of ocular hypertension: the ocular hypertension treatment study. ArchOphthalmol, 2010; 128:276-287

Robin AL et al, Does adjunctive glaucoma treatment therapy affect adherence to the initial primary therapy? Ophthalmology. 2005; 112:863-868

Robin et al, Adherence in glaucoma: Objective measurements of once-daily and adjunctive medication use. Am J Ophthalmol. 2007;144:533-540

NCX 470 acts through a dual mechanism¹ for IOP lowering

Non-clinical optic nerve/retinal damage models also demonstrate potentially beneficial retinal effects²





Bastia et al. J Ocul Pharmacol Ther. 2022, 38: 496-504



Positive NCX 470 Mont Blanc topline results^{1,2,3}

Phase 3 clinical program intended to support planned U.S. & China NDA submissions

Designed to demonstrate safety and efficacy of NCX 470 0.1% vs. latanoprost 0.005%, defined by IOP reduction from time-matched baseline at pre-established time points

MONT BLANC: Primary objective of non-inferiority achieved

N=691

56 clinical sites in the U.S. & one site in China

Adaptive study design selected the 0.1%

Second efficacy objective, statistical superiority to latanoprost, was not achieved

NCX 470 was statistically superior to latanoprost in intraocular pressure reduction from baseline at 4 of the 6 timepoints, and numerically greater at all 6

DENALI: Enrolling subjects

 $N = ^{670}$

~80 clinical sites in the U.S. & China

Includes a 12-month safety extension

Jointly conducted and equally financed with Chinese partner Ocumension Therapeutics

Topline results expected in H2 2025



Mont Blanc Phase 3 efficacy trial design¹

Designed to evaluate NCX 470 vs. established therapy, latanoprost

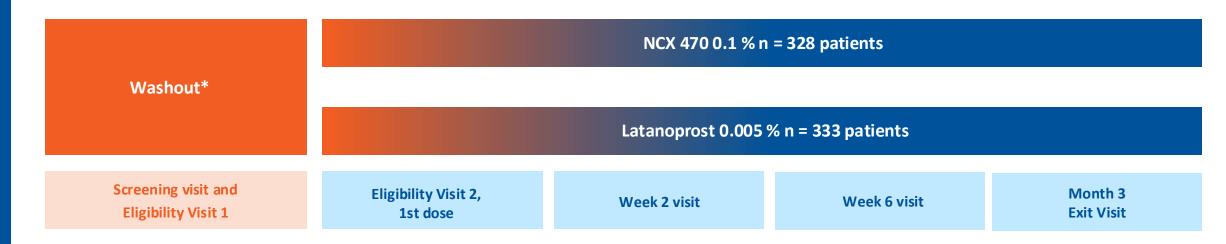
Randomized, controlled, double-masked, parallel design trial. Patients with open angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension were randomized 1:1 to once-daily treatment with NCX 470 0.1% or latanoprost 0.005%

Primary Endpoint:

Mean IOP reduction from time-matched baseline at 8 AM and 4 PM at the week 2, week 6 and month 3 visits

Enrollment:

The trial enrolled 691 patients across all arms (including ~30 patients on NCX 470 0.065% in the adaptive design part)



^{*} Wash-out period according to the patient's previous IOP-lowering treatment



^{1.} This schematic reflects the dosage arms which continued in the trial and do not include the NCX 470 0.065% dose which wasonly in the adaptive design portion of the trial

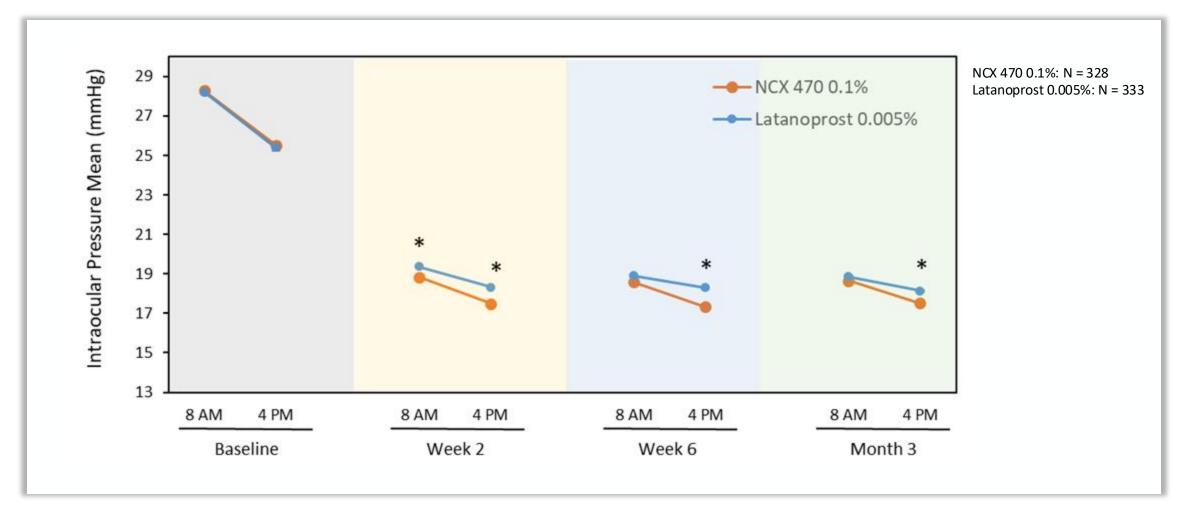
Baseline characteristics, demographics and disposition¹

	NCX 470 0.1% N = 328	Latanoprost 0.005% N = 333
Mean Diurnal Baseline (8am+4pm) IOP, mmHg, Study Eye (SD)	26.9 (2.04)	26.8 (2.02)
Gender, n (%) Female Male	200 (61.0%) 128 (39.0%)	188 (56.5%) 145 (43.5%)
Age, Years (SD)	63.6 (10.12)	62.7 (11.73)
Completed the Study	314 (95.7%)	316 (94.9%)
Discontinued Prior to Study Completion	14 (4.3%)	17 (5.1%)
Reasons for Discontinuation		
Adverse Event	8 (57.1%)	6 (35.3%)
Lost to Follow-up	1 (7.1%)	4 (23.5%)
Physician Decision	0	0
Sponsor or IRB Decision	1 (7.1%)	2 (11.8%)
Protocol Violation	0	1 (5.9%)
Withdrawal by Subject	3 (21.4%)	3 (17.6%)
IOP greater than 36 mmHg	0	0
Other	1 (7.1%)	1 (5.9%)



Significant, sustained IOP-lowering effects

IOP-lowering from baseline was 8.0 to 9.7 mmHg for NCX 470 vs. 7.1 to 9.4 mmHg for latanoprost

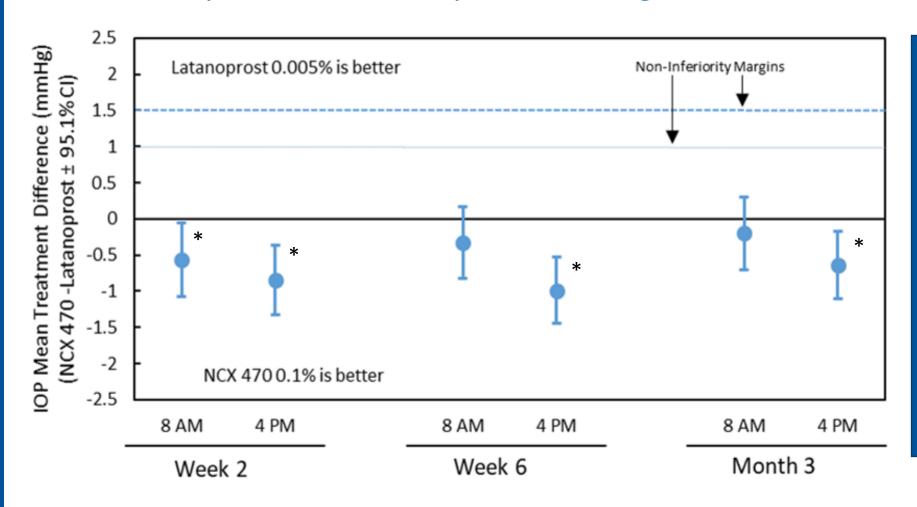


[•] Denotes statistically significant differences vs latanoprost (p<0.049)



Fechtner et al., AJO, published, 2024 - https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ajo.2024.03.002

NCX 470 0.1% achieved non-inferiority and demonstrated an IOP-lowering greater than Latanoprost 0.005% of up to 1.0mmHg



To be non-inferior, the treatment difference between NCX 470 and latanoprost had to meet BOTH criteria:

- For all 6 timepoints, the upper limit of all confidence intervals (95.1%) were required to be less than or equal to 1.5 mmHg and
- At least 4 of the 6 timepoints were required to be less than or equal to 1.0 mmHg
- NCX 470 0.1% demonstrated an IOP lowering effect greater than latanoprost 0.005% of up to 1.0 mmHg



^{*} Denotes statistically significant differences vs latanoprost (p<0.049)

NCX 470 topline results demonstrate robust efficacy and safety¹

All comparisons are based on NCX 470 0.1% and latanoprost 0.005%

Topline results from this pivotal trial:

- IOP-lowering effect from baseline was 8.0 to 9.7 mmHg for NCX 470 vs. 7.1 to 9.4 mmHg for latanoprost
- Statistical non-inferiority was met vs. latanoprost in the primary efficacy analysis. This trial therefore met the efficacy requirements for approval in the U.S.
- While NCX 470 failed to meet statistical superiority to latanoprost in a pre-specified secondary efficacy analysis of time-matched change from baseline IOP, NCX 470 was numerically superior to latanoprost at all time points and statistically significant (p<0.049) at 4 of 6 timepoints

Data from the post hoc analysis:

- In eyes with an initial IOP of ≤ 28 mmHg the IOP-lowering effect from baseline was statistically significantly greater for NCX 470 compared to latanoprost at the majority of timepoints measured
- NCX 470 demonstrates a consistent lowering of IOP regardless of the baseline IOP, whereas the reduction in IOP with latanoprost is dependent on the baseline IOP
- A statistically significant greater proportion of patients who received NCX 470 showed an IOP reduction of greater than 10 mmHg from baseline, compared to those on latanoprost

NCX 470 was well tolerated

- The most common adverse event was ocular hyperemia in 11.9% of NCX 470 patients vs. 3.3% of latanoprost patients
- There were no ocular serious adverse events and no treatment-related non-ocular serious adverse events
- 4.3% of patients on NCX 470 discontinued compared to 5.1% on latanoprost



NCX 470 – Presentations at key ophthalmology conferences



- Poster 1: Intraocular Pressure Reduction with NCX 470 versus Latanoprost Across the Spectrum of Baseline Intraocular Pressures
- Poster 2: Intraocular Pressure Reduction with NCX 470 versus Latanoprost In Previously Treated Versus Treatment-Naïve Patients



- Effects of NCX 470, a Nitric Oxide (NO)-Donating Bimatoprost, in in-vitro 3D-Human Trabecular Meshwork (TM) / Schlemm's Canal (SC) Co-Culture Tissue Model. Galli et al., 2023, WGC Abstract # P-337
- NCX 470, a Nitric Oxide Donating Bimatoprost versus Latanoprost has Greater Proportion of Subjects Achieving ≥10 mmHg IOP Decrease in Phase 3 Trial. Mansberger et al., 2023, WGC Abstract # P-339
- NCX 470, a Nitric Oxide Donating Bimatoprost Compared with Latanoprost Adaptive Design Period Results from the Phase 3 Mont Blanc Clinical Trial. Fechtner et al., 2023, WGC Abstract # P-288



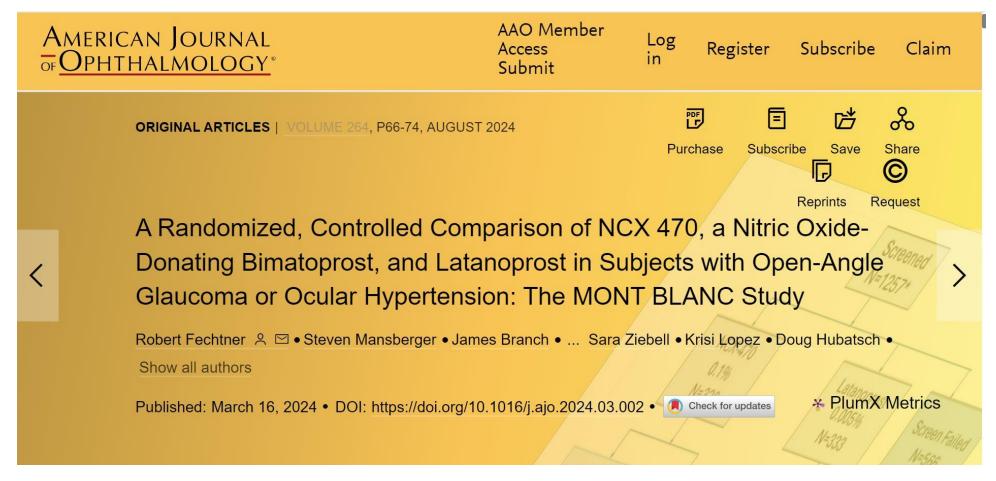
NCX 470, a nitric oxide (NO)-Donating Bimatoprost, Preserves Rabbit eyes from Biochemical and Functional changes associated with endothelin-1 (ET-1)-induced Ischemia/reperfusion Injury of the Optic Nerve and Retina Impagnatiello et al., 2023, ARVO Abstract #2580



NCX 470, a Nitric Oxide Donating Bimatoprost, Demonstrates Noninferiority to Latanoprost in Phase 3 Mont Blanc Clinical Trial. Fechtner et al., 2023, AGS Abstract #232



Mont Blanc results published in a prestigious journal



Conclusion: The NO-donating prostaglandin analogue NCX 470 0.1% was well-tolerated and lowered IOP more than latanoprost in subjects with OAG or OHT at all 6 time points. With a dual mechanism of action that enhances both uveoscleral and trabecular outflow, NCX 470 could become an important first-line therapy for IOP reduction in glaucoma.



U.S. glaucoma clinical advisory board with leading experts

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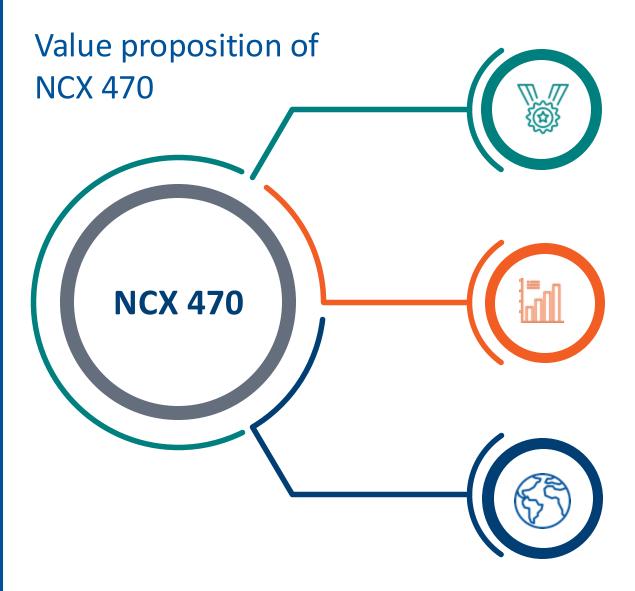
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Distinguished Professor and Chair, Ophthalmology, Director of both the Shiley Eye Institute and the Hamilton Glaucoma Center, holder of the Morris Gleich, MD Chair in Glaucoma, and Distinguished Professor of Bioengineering





- ✓ Novel molecule with competitive positive impact on lowering intraocular pressure (IOP), the leading cause of glaucoma
- ✓ Positive pivotal Phase 3 topline results from the Mont Blanc trial^{1,2,3}
- √ First non-combination product to demonstrate statistical non-inferiority to a prostaglandin analog in a pivotal trial, thereby meeting the efficacy requirements for U.S. approval
- ✓ Large and established glaucoma drug market⁴: ~\$6 billion worldwide reported
- ✓ Over 3 million patients and over 36 million prescriptions⁴ in the United States alone with additional safe and effective alternatives to first-line therapy required
- ✓ Over \$300 million global peak net sales forecast⁵ for NCX 470
- ✓ Only late-stage New Chemical Entity in glaucoma in the U.S.



^{1.} Nicox Press release October 31, 2022

^{2.} Mansberg et al., 2023, World Glaucoma Congress, Abstract # P-339

^{3.} Fechtner et al., 2023, World Glaucoma Congress, Abstract # P-288 b

^{4.} IQVIATM Analytics Link 2021

Nicox internal estimate – Press Release July 10, 2023

NCX 470 Commercial Potential and Timing

A near-term asset arriving at completion of development



- Composition of matter patent to 2029 expected to be extended to 2034 in the United States and formulation patent to 2039. Additional marketing exclusivity may be available based on the status as a New Chemical Entity
- Peak annual net sales potential in the U.S. alone was estimated at between \$115 and \$165 million¹
- Peak annual global net sales of NCX 470 could be over \$300 million² within 8 years of the date of launches in the U.S. and China

^{1.} By year 8 from launch, based on Nicox commissioned market research in 2023, announced here.

^{2.} Excluding Europe



Chinese partner and largest Nicox shareholder, dedicated to ophthalmology with manufacturing and commercial capabilities

Based in China Created in 2018 Dedicated to ophthalmology Listed on the Hong Kong stock exchange since 2020 \$600 million market cap Portfolio of 25 products with 10 commercialised \$34 million revenue in 2023 (+55%)

444 employees, including 232 in commercial

- Ocumension's focus on ophthalmology and their local manufacturing and commercial capabilities makes them the ideal partner for NCX 470 in China
- Total of €18 million paid to Nicox in milestones (non-dilutive financing) plus cost contributions to Denali (50%) and Mont Blanc (one Chinese site)
- Nicox to receive royalties of 6% to 12% of future net sales on the territories licensed to Ocumension





Global enterprise with a strong pharmaceutical business and Japanese glaucoma franchise

Founded in Japan in 1894 Active worldwide in multiple domains including life sciences

~8000 employees with an annual group revenue of \$4.9 billion

The pharmaceutical sector is an important one with an international presence

Team of medical representatives in Japan and a franchise in glaucoma

- Kowa's direct commercial experience in glaucoma in Japan positions them as a strong partner for NCX
 470
- Signed in February 2024 with a €3 million upfront payment to Nicox for exclusive rights to NCX 470 in Japan
- Nicox to potentially receive up to €27.5 million in milestones and 7% to 12% royalties on net sales



Future commercialization of NCX 470

To secure the long-term future of the Company

- The Company is considering a number of options to ensure the commercialization of NCX 470 and concretize the future strategy:
 - New license agreements
 - Joint venture structures with companies having complementary products
 - M&A
 - Extension of the pipeline with other products under license or acquired, with associated funding
- Nicox has the team to:
 - Complete the development of NCX 470
 - Continue our existing collaborations
 - Deliver on a long-term strategy



Existing commercial products

VYZULTA

BAUSCH+LOMB

Marketed in >15 countries and territories, including the U.S.

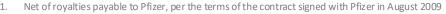
- ✓ Nicox receives 6% net¹ royalties on global sales VYZULTA sales increased 35% in 2023 vs. 2022
- √ \$5 million net milestone payable to Nicox at \$100 million net sales
- ✓ Patent extended in the United States to 2029

ZERVIATE²



Approval expected in China in 2024³

- **✓** 5% to 9% royalties on annual net sales
- ✓ Potential for up to \$17.2 million in sales milestones by Ocumension
- ✓ Will be manufactured by Ocumension in their state-of-the art Chinese factory and commercialized by their existing sales team



- . ZERVIATE is also commercialized in the U.S. by Harrow
- 3. Ocumension has rights in Chinese and Southeast Asian markets



A refocused global leadership team



Gavin Spencer
Chief Executive Officer



VP, Finance and HR



Doug Hubatsch

EVP, Chief Scientific Officer











Damian Marron
Chairman of the Board

Healthcare executive, nonexecutive Director/Chair and advisor



Michele Garufi
Director

Co-founder of Nicox and CEO of the Company from its creation until 2022



Marc Le Bozec
Director

Life Sciences entrepreneur with a background in finance, organization and strategic consulting



Gavin Spencer Chief Executive Officer

More than 25 years of experience in leading strategic and Business Development functions

Sonia Benhamida

Observer BlackRock

Maurizio Petitbon

Observer BlackRock



Financial highlights

Cash balance expected to support current operations through to February 2025

Financial Position and Ownership of the Nicox Group ¹	
Cash, Cash Equivalents as at 30 June 2024	€7.8 million
Long term debt as at 30 June 2024 ²	€20.5 million
Cash runway³	February 2025
Outstanding Shares ⁴	63.5 million
Management, Board and Employees Ownership⁵	1.6%
Key Institutional Investors ⁵	Ocumension Therapeutics 4.8% HBM Healthcare Investments (Cayman) 3.1%
Analysts coverage	
H.C. Wainwright	Yi Chen

^{1.} Figures are non audited. Nicox Group is Nicox SA and its affiliates. 2. This figure does not include the Armistice put option granted in the November 2022 equity financing, payable in the case of a merger by acquisition (fusion par absorption), merger (fusion par création d'une nouvelle société), division (scission), or a change of control within the meaning assigned in article L.233-3 I of the French commercial code (Code de commerce) where the consideration for such transaction is Nicox shares at a value of less than €1.70, the exercise price of the warrants, Armistice can request that Nicox purchases the warrants granted to Armistice at their Black Scholes value (using pre-defined terms). 3. Based exclusively on the development of NCX 470. 4. Existing outstanding shares as of June 21, 2024. 5.To the best of our knowledge, based on share capital issued as of June 21, 2024.



Investment highlights



- Two product approvals in the U.S., one pending in China
- Business development deals in the U.S., Japan, China, and globally with Tier 1 companies



- Positive Mont Blanc Phase 3 efficacy data and well tolerated
- Same-design second Phase 3 trial, Denali, advancing as planned
- Validation by partnerships with Kowa and Ocumension Therapeutics

✓ Large potential market

- ~\$6 billion worldwide glaucoma market
- Successful track record of VYZULTA® under partnership with Bausch + Lomb

✓ High strategic transaction potential

- Business development
- M&A







Nicox S.A.

Sundesk Sophia Antipolis Emerald Square Bâtiment C rue Evariste Galois, 06410 Biot, France T: +33 (0)4 97 24 53 00

communications@nicox.com www.nicox.com